

# POST-2015 DEVELOPMENT AGENDA IN AFRICA

# BABATUNDE OMILOLA UNDP

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# **OVERVIEW – UN System wide preparations**



# Overall process: different mechanisms to support the Post-2015 Development Agenda



Content: The vision of the UN



UNDG proposal for the Post-2015 development agenda process

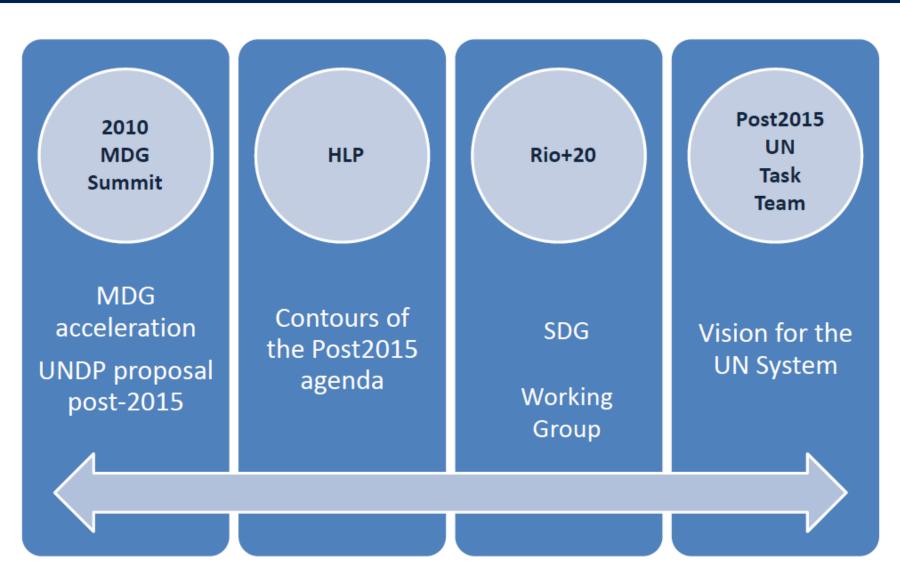
## **Background**

"the post 2015 development framework is likely to have the best development impact if it emerges from an inclusive, open and transparent process with multiple stakeholder participation."

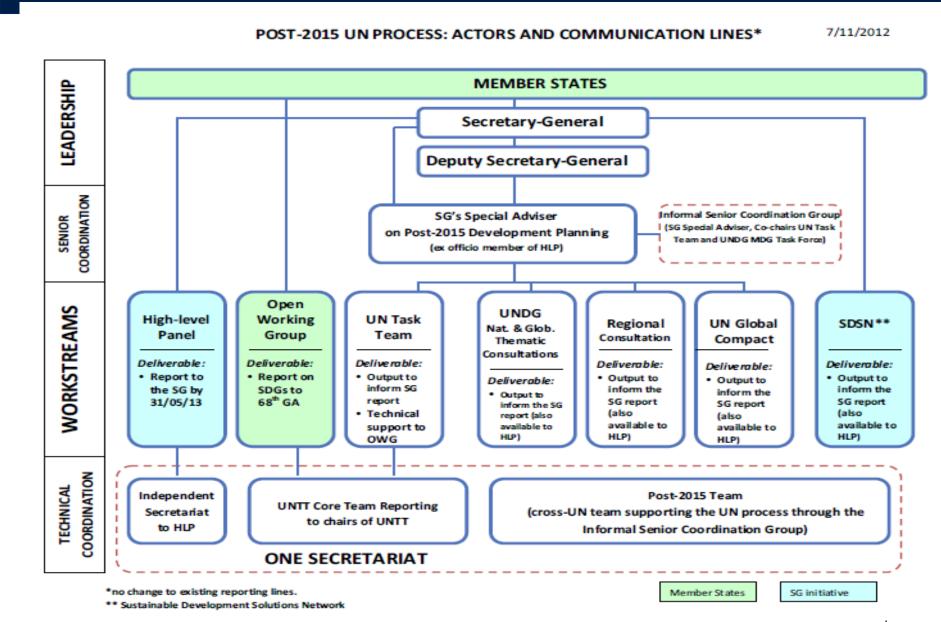
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#### **The Post 2015 Process**



#### The Post 2015 UN Process: Actors and Communication Lines



# "future we want for all" in the post-2015 UN development agenda An integrated framework for realizing the

#### **Enablers:**

Fair and stable global trading system Adequate financing for development and stable financial system Affordable access to technology and knowledge

Providing sustainable energy for all Coherent macroeconomic and development policies supportive of inclusive and green growth

#### Environmental sustainability

Protecting blodiversity Stable alimate Resilience to natural

#### Enablers:

Sustainable use of natural resources (climate, oceans, forests, biodiversity) and management of waste Managing disaster risk and improving disaster response

#### Inclusive economic development

Eradicating income poverty and hunger Reducing inequalities Ensuring decent work and productive employment. Human rights Equality Sustainability

#### Peace and security

Freedom from violence, conflict and abuse Conflict-free access to natural resources

#### **Enablers:**

Sustainable food and nutrition security Universal access to quality health care Universal access to quality education Inclusive social protection systems Managing demographic dynamics Fair rules to manage migration

#### Inclusive social development

Adequate nutrition for all Quality education for all Reduced mortality and morbidity

Gender e quality
Universal access to clean
water and sanitation

#### Enablers:

Democratic and coherent global governance mechanisms Good governance practices based on the rule of law Conflict prevention and mediation Human rights protection Women's empowerment

#### **High Level Panel for the Post - 2015**

- Work was based on the findings of the Report of the UN System Task Team
- Work was informed by the outcome of major processes, in particular the Rio+20 and the UNDG's open and inclusive consultations
- The panel has already delivered its report to the Secretary-General of the UN in 2013

#### **Thematic Consultations for the Post - 2015**

**Thematic consultations** with academia, media, private sector, employers and trade unions, civil society and decision makers, from May 2012. Themes of global meetings include:

- 1. Inequalities (across all dimensions, including gender)
- 2. Health (including issues covered by MDGs 4, 5, 6, plus non communicable diseases)
- 3. Education (primary, secondary, tertiary and vocational)
- 4. Growth and employment (including investment in productive capacities, decent employment, and socia protection)
- 5. Environmental sustainability (including biodiversity, climate change)
- 6. Food security and nutrition
- 7. Governance (at all levels)
- 8. Conflict and fragility (including post-conflict countries, and those prone to natural disasters)
- 9. Population dynamics (including ageing, international and internal migration, and urbanisation)
- 10. Water
- 11. Energy

## Working Group Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)



Tasked to develop a proposal for the SDG

Working Group, comprised of 30 representatives nominated by Member States

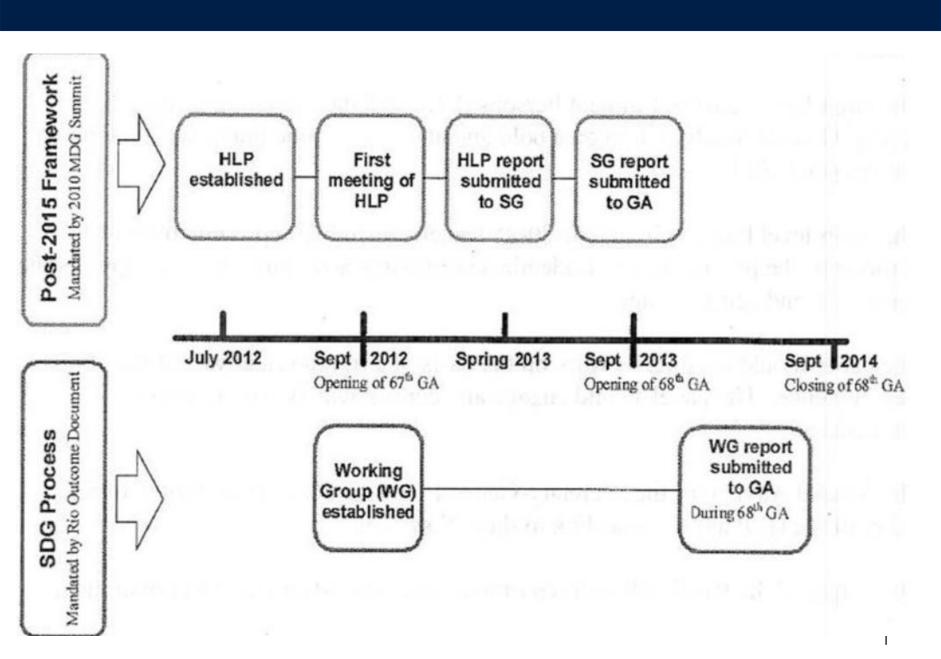
It will submit a report, to the sixty-eighth session of the Assembly, containing a proposal for SDG for consideration and appropriate action

# **Summary of the Outcome of Open Working Group on SDGs**

For the past one year, the Open Working Group on SDGs had 7 working sessions. The 8<sup>th</sup> session of the OWG will take place 3-7 February 2014. Emerging issues from the working sessions of the OWG include:

- 1. Urbanization
- 2. Sustainable consumption and production
- 3. Climate change and disaster risk reduction
- 4. The means of implementation such as technology transfer, funding, partnerships and capacity building
- 5. Civil society engagement

#### **Timelines**



#### What is the UNDG Approach?

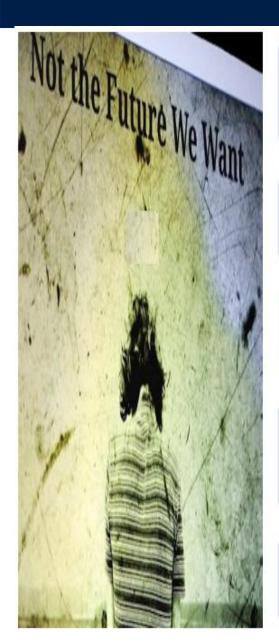
# Post-2015 development agenda

# IS IT MORE INCLUSIVE? IS IT MORE EQUITABLE? IS IT SUSTAINABLE?

#### Strategy based on 3 pillars of work:

- 1. Inclusive national consultation processes: Lead by the RCs and building on on-going consultations, they will feed into the post-2015 formal process
- 2. Thematic consultations with academia, media, private sector, employers and trade unions, civil society, and decision makers on the current central challenges to the post 2015 development
- 3. Web Portal and social media to allow open interaction and information exchange among a range of stakeholders. This advocacy work will be aligned with the 'Future We Want' campaign launched by the SG

## **Overview – Country consultations**



WHY conduct post-2015 country consultations?

WHO coordinates at the country level?

By WHEN is the expected timeline?

**WHAT** is the support available to countries?

**HOW** to submit a concept note?

## Why? Objective of the country consultations



Build a shared global vision on 'The Future We Want', with clear recommendations for governments, civil society and broad stakeholders;



Amplify the voices of the poor and other marginalized groups; and



Influence the intergovernmental processes so that they align with the aspirations of civil society for a post-2015 agenda.

#### ...the objective

To stimulate an inclusive debate on a post 2015 development agenda



#### The Guidelines

- Support UNCTs in facilitating the consultation process
- Financial and technical resources available for this process
- Guidance on the process and content
- How to document the consultations (validation, etc.)
- Outline the deliverables which are expected at the end of the consultation process
- The guidelines also provide information on:
  - Who to engage? Identifying stakeholders/criteria.
  - · How to engage? Preparing an inclusive consultation.
  - Available Tools (list of stakeholder groups, sample consultation methods, checklists, and guiding questions to adapt in order to localize the context)

#### Who coordinates at the country level?

- UN Resident Coordinators (RCs) will provide the overall strategic guidance to ensure engagement of the UNCT and broad participation of different stakeholders at country level.
- UN RCs may designate one or more UN Agencies to co-lead the process on behalf of the UNCT.
- 50 Countries have been identified by the UNDG chair in consultation with UN RCs.

# **Inclusive consultations: 50 countries**

AFRICA	ASIA &PACIFIC	LATIN AMERICA &	ARAB STATES	EASTERN EUROPE & CIS
(19 countries)	(10 countries)	CARIBBEAN (9 countries)	(6 countries)	EUROPE & CIS (6 countries)
Angola	Bangladesh	Brazil	Algeria	Armenia
Burkina Faso	China	Bolivia	Djibouti	Bosnia and
CAR	India	Costa Rica	Egypt	Herzegovina
DRC	Indonesia	Colombia	Jordan	Kazakhstan
Ethiopia	Lao PDR	El Salvador	Morocco	Moldova
Ghana	Pakistan	Guatemala	Sudan	Tajikistan
Kenya	PNG	Honduras		Turkey
Mali	Solomon Islands	Peru		
Malawi	Timor-Leste	Santa Lucia		
Mauritius	Vietnam			
Mozambique				
Niger				
Nigeria				
Senegal				
South Africa				
Tanzania				
Togo				
Uganda				
Zambia				

## **Emerging Issues on Post-2015 Development Agenda in Africa**

- With the backing of the AU Heads of State Summit in July 2012, ECA, AUC, AfDB and UNDP have initiated a series of processes, including national, regional and continental consultations, aimed at articulating an African common position on the post-2015 development agenda
- Four consultative processes have taken place in Africa: Accra, Ghana, November, 2011; Mombasa, Kenya, October 2012; Dakar, Senegal in December 2012; Hammamet, Tunisia in March, 2013; . These processes have been complemented by an ongoing online survey initiated in 2011.
- The consultations have been attended by representatives from a total of 53 African countries, represented by governments, Regional Economic Communities, Civil Society Organizations including youth and women organizations, parliamentarians, academic institutions and the private sector.
- The regional consultations on the post-2015 development agenda have identified Africa's priorities for the post 2015 agenda; and identified enablers and critical success factors for the post 2015 development agenda.

#### **Emerging Priorities for Post-2015 Development Agenda in Africa**

- Emphasise inclusive economic growth and structural transformation
- Re-orient the development paradigm away from externally-driven initiatives toward domestically- inspired and funded initiatives that are grounded in national ownership
- Prioritise equity and social inclusion and measure progress in terms of both the availability and quality of service delivery
  - Pay greater attention to vulnerable groups such as women, children, youth, the elderly, people with disabilities, displaced persons
- Take into account the initial conditions of nation states and recognise the efforts countries have made towards achieving the goals as opposed to exclusively measuring how far they fall short of global targets
- Incorporate the Rio+20 outcomes and the outcomes of Africa-wide initiatives, national and regional consultations as well as UN forums such as ICPD +20
- Focus on development enablers as well as development outcomes.

Four broad development outcomes have been identified as priorities for the post-2015 development agenda in Africa:

- Structural economic transformation and inclusive growth
- Innovation and technology transfer
- Human development
- Financing and partnerships

#### The future we want



# Thank You