<u>Appendix One:</u> World Bank Template to Assess Policy and Performance in the Financial Services: Response from the Banking Industry

Note: All information given for the latest year available (1999). Currency: South African Rand.

A. Market Access

Commercial presence

1. Are there policy restrictions on new entry of banks?									
	total number of allowed	Entry by foreign banks	n	If yes, total number of foreign banks allowed					
✓ No □ Yes		✓ No □Ye	S						
2. If entry is restricted, what are the reasons provided by the government? Not applicable									
 □ To increase government □ Exclusive rights to allow □ To reduce potential syste □ Inadequate regulatory an □ No perceived economic = □ Other: 	 To give state-owned or national banks time to prepare for competition To increase government revenue from privatization or license fees Exclusive rights to allow the provision of universal service To reduce potential systemic risk believed to arise from over-banking Inadequate regulatory and supervisory capacity No perceived economic need for new banks Other: 								
 3. Which of the following legal ✓ Subsidiaries ✓ Branc 		hment are allowe sentative Office		eign banks?					
4. Are there restrictions on the	number of foreig	n bank branches	?√No	□ Yes					
If yes, what is the maximum	number of forei	gn bank branches	permitte	ed?					
5. Are there restrictions on the	number of foreig	n bank ATMs? 🗸	No [∃ Yes					
If yes, what is the maximum number of foreign bank ATMs permitted?									
6. Are foreign banks allowed to raise capital domestically? \Box No \checkmark Yes									
7. Which of the following services are commercial banks permitted to provide domestically?									
	Domestic banks		Foreign						
Real estate lending	□ No ✓ Y		□ No	✓ Yes					
Insurance services	✓ No □Y		✓ No						
Securities services	✓ No □Y		✓ No	□ Yes					
Foreign currency lending	□No ✓Y			✓ Yes					
Foreign exchange services	□No ✓Y	es	🗆 No	✓ Yes					

Credit card services	□ No	✓ Yes	□ No	✓ Yes
Leasing services	□ No	✓ Yes	□ No	✓ Yes
Other (specify)	□ No	\Box Yes	□ No	\Box Yes

Cross-border banking trade

		ross-border from foreign banks?			
Not applicable – Exchang Domestic banks	\square No				
Domestic corporations					
Domestic households					
If applicable, please spec	ify borrowi	ing limits:			
9. Are the following allowed t	o make cro	oss-border deposits with foreign banks?			
Not applicable – Exchange c	ontrol issue	2			
Domestic banks	\Box No	\Box Yes			
Domestic corporations	🗆 No	\Box Yes			
Domestic households					
If applicable, please specify deposit limits:					
10. Are the following banks permitted to hold equity in non-financial firms?					
Not applicable – Exchange c	ontrol issue	e			
Domestic banks	🗆 No	\Box Yes			
Foreign banks	🗆 No	\Box Yes			

B. Ownership

11. Is private ownership in the provision of services allowed?							
Existing banks	Maximum private equity permitted (%)	New b	anks		Maximum private equity permitted (%)		
□ No ✓ Yes	25% Threshold after which Ministerial approval required		□ No	√	Yes	25% Threshold after which Ministerial approval required	
12. Is foreign ow	12. Is foreign ownership in the provision of services allowed?						
Existing banks	Maximum foreignbanksequity permitted (%)		w entra	nts		Maximum foreign equity permitted (%)	
□ No ✓ Yes	None		No 🗸	Ye	es	None	

C. Market Structure

13. Please list the characteristics of the 6 largest banks in the market for deposits: (As at December 2000)

	Year of	Domestically	Foreign	Market share in total
Name of bank	establishment	owned equity (%)	equity (%)	deposits (%)
ABSA	1991	89%	11%	23.02%
Standard	1964	100%		18.1%
FirstRand	1998	100%		16.04%
NEDCOR	1966	100%		14.1%
BoE	1998	Owned by BoE Ltd. listed		7.8%
		in1987. Minority Sh	nareholding	
Investec	1969	100%		5.98%

14. Please list the characteristics of the 6 largest banks in the market for loans:

	Year of	Domestically	Foreign	Market share in total
Name of bank	establishment	owned equity (%)	equity (%)	deposits (%)
ABSA	1991	89%	11%	19.77%
Standard	1964	100%		18.9%
FirstRand	1998	100%		17.8%
NEDCOR	1966	100%		13.5%
BoE	1998	Owned by BoE Ltd. listed		7.5%
		in1987. Minority Sh	areholding	
Investec	1969	100%		5.18%

15. Please provide the following information on the actual number of banks:

Number of fully state-owned banks: _0_ Number of privatized banks: SA has never had State owned Banks Number of fully domestically owned¹ private banks: <u>34</u> Number of foreign minority-owned² banks: _0____ Number of foreign majority-owned³ banks: 9

D. Regulation

16. Characteristics of regulator:	
Name of regulator	Bank Supervision Department
Year of establishment	1985
% of Regulator's finances from:	
License and other fees	11%
Budgetary allocation	R34m (89%)

¹ Banks that are not state owned where the paid-up share capital is entirely held by domestic residents.

² Banks where foreigners hold under 50% of the paid-up share capital of the bank. ³ Banks where 50% or more of the paid-up share capital of the bank is held by foreigners.

Other (specify)								
Is the regulator independent of the								
ministry of finance/economy?	□ No ✓ Yes							
Number of professional 94								
regulatory and supervisory staff								
- · ·								
17. How are banking licenses allocated?								
	s not restricted by policy, specify the main conditions new							
entrants must fulfill.								
\checkmark Payment of license fee	D 10270							
• To establish a bank								
• To establish a branch								
	lling company R10260							
\checkmark Presentation of detailed	business plan.							
✓ Other:								
-	quirement R250m or 8% of risk weighted assets							
	e to fit and proper test and be sufficiently experienced							
Establishment must	-							
	conducted through a public company							
Must be able to esta	blish business successfully							
	s limited by policy, through what mechanism are licenses							
allocated?								
Not applicable								
□ First come, first served b	Dasis							
Competitive bidding	the licensing outhority							
□ Discretionary decision by								
□ Other:								
c) Are foreign banks subject to	o different licensing requirements from domestic banks ?							
	o unterent neerising requirements from domestic builts.							
✓ No □ Yes								
If yes, please specify what	additional requirements have to be met by foreign banks.							
d) Are separate licenses require	red to establish branches in each state/province?							
	2							
✓ No □Yes								

Category	Capital	Loan	Liquidity	Single	Foreign exchange	Required 1	to join	Lender	of last	Required frequency
	adequacy	classification	ratio	exposure limit	risk exposure limit	deposit	insurance	resort	facility	of publication of
	requirement	requirement		(?)		scheme?		available?		financial statements
State owned	N/A		I	I		I				
banks										
Nationally owned banks	8% (possibility of being increased to 10%)	As per provisioning matrix	5%	-Reporting limit of 10% and 25% -After 25% capital are impaired	10%	Yes		Yes		Annually
Foreign				Impared						
owned:										
Branches	8% (possibility of being increased to 10%)	As per provisioning matrix	5%	-Reporting limit of 10% and 25% -After 25% capital are impaired	10%	No ⁱ		No		Annually
Subsidiaries	8% (possibility of being increased to 10%)	As per provisioning matrix	5%	-Reporting limit of 10% and 25% -After 25% capital are impaired	10%	Yes		Yes		Annually

19. Is home country supervision of foreign banks recognized? \Box No \checkmark Yes

If yes, please list the countries whose bank supervisory systems are recognized.

The Bank Supervision department recognises and applies home and host supervisory principles on a daily basis in the process of supervising banks in its jurisdiction. However, there is no list of those countries that are recognised or not. As and when the department receives applications from foreign banks to establish a presence in SA, it enters into discussion with the regulator from that particular country. Based on the outcome of those discussions and the information exchange, the department will, or will not, authorises the particular bank in SA. That should also indicate if the SA regulator does not "accept" a jurisdiction as an "acceptable" home supervisor.

E. Regional Integration Agreements in Banking Services

the preferential	measures.		
Name of	Partner	Date into force	Preferential measures
Agreement	country(s) in		
	agreement		
SADC	All 14 SADC	July 1998	None yet. The association is mainly a mechanism
Banking	Countries except		to address common interests in a structured way.
Association	Tanzania, DRC,		However, among other factors that motivated the
	and Seychelles		formation of the association are the following:
			-A need exists for banks in the region to handle
			transactions effectively between member states
			-Banks in the region need to support each other in
			the maintenance of the BIS standards
			-Banks need to feed of the strategies implemented
			by other SADC banks in dealing with forces of
			globalisation internationally and with the forces
			of transformation domestically.
			-Training needs for the respective banking
			industries in SADC are fairly similar and could
			be addressed through a banking association.
SADC Finance	The protocol is	Has not yet	The SADC Ministers of Finance and/or
and Investment	still being	entered into	Investment have approved a Principles
Protocol	developed. ⁱⁱ	force	Framework document, which would form the
			basis of the protocol.

20. Please indicate if there are any preferential arrangements affecting banking services, and list the preferential⁴ measures.

⁴ Please specify how the treatment of banks of member countries of the agreement differs from the treatment of banks of non-member countries.

F. Past and Future Changes in Policy

21. Please indicate major changes in market access policies, ownership rules, and regulation since 1985 (e.g., privatization of state-owned banks, introduction of competition, entry of foreign banks, creation of an independent regulatory agency).

Area of policy change	Year	Description of policy change
Rewrite Banks Act	1990	Risk-based approach to regulation and supervision adopted
Entry of foreign banks	1994	An amendment to the Banks Act allowed foreign banks to establish
		branches
Banks Act Amendment	2000	Amplifies and improves certain provisions of the Banks Act, 1990. Some
Bill		aspects of the Amendment are;
		-Inserting in the principal Act definitions of certain new expressions and
		to amend certain of the existing definitions
		-Provide for the designation by the Reserve Bank of more than one
		Deputy Registrar of Banks, but not exceeding four, from among its
		officers
		-Provide for the confidential treatment of the report drawn up in
		consequence of the conducting of a due diligence audit of the financial
		condition of a bank
		-Substitute a process of review for the existing process of appeal against
		decisions of the Registrar of Banks
		-Empower the Registrar of Banks to authorise a banking institution to use
		or refer to itself by a name other than the one under which it is registered
		-Further consolidate principles of good corporate governance with regard
		to the membership of the audit committee of a bank
		-Abolish judicial management of a bank that is in financial difficulties
		and, instead thereof, to render the process of curatorship of such a bank
		more comprehensive
		-Increase the minimum capital and unimpaired reserve funds required to
		be maintained by a bank and to provide for additional capital and reserve
		funds to be maintained by banks in respect of their trading in financial
		instruments
		-Provide for the maintenance of an aggregate of minimum capital and
		reserve funds in respect of banking group
		-Allow banks greater flexibility in the utilisation of their liquid assets
		-Introduce further safeguards in respect of large exposures constituting
		credit risks to banking institutions
		-Create, and prescribe penalties for, certain further offences
Amended regulations	2000	-Banks' trading and banking activities are distinguished clearly

relating to banks	-Reporting of consolidated information on group capital adequacy, group
Telating to banks	-Reporting of consolidated information on group capital adequacy, group
	large exposures, intra-group exposures and group currency risk
	-Full compliance with the Core Principles for Effective Banking
	Supervision relating to large exposures
	-Introduction of provisioning matrix in respect of credit risk
	-Enhancement of corporate governance in banks
	-Improved public disclosure to strengthen the ability of market
	participants to encourage safe and sound banking practices
	-Net effective open position in foreign currency, expressed as a
	percentage of qualifying capital and reserves, reduced to 10 percent
	-Further reporting requirements for external auditors to provide various
	levels of assurance
	-Separate reporting of derivative instruments
	-Amended time intervals at which banks have to submit risk-based returns
	-Prudential requirements to be based on average daily balances and not
	month-end positions

22. Please indicate announced or anticipated changes in the same, or other areas.

Area of policy	Year	Description of policy change
change		

Competition	2^{nd}	2001	-It deals with the issue of concurrent jurisdiction, which had created a degree of
Amendment			legislative uncertainty during the recent take-over battle between Stanbic and
			Nedcor
			-Specific provision has now been made for the banking sector to fall under the
			ambit and jurisdiction of the Competition Commission, but to allow the finance
			minister to exclude certain banking mergers in the public interest
SARB	Act	2001	Empowers the SARB Governor to determine what percentage of banks'
Amendment			holdings of Reserve Bank notes and subsidiary coin may be taken into account
			for the purposes of calculating the minimum reserve balances required to be
			maintained by banks in accounts with the Reserve Bank

23. Administered allocation of resources Not applicable

Category	Controls on deposit rates?	Ceilings on lending rates?	Subject to directed	List of sectors benefiting from directed lending
	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	6	lending?	
State owned	\Box No \Box Yes	\Box No \Box Yes	\Box No \Box Yes	

banks				
Private nationally owned banks		□ No □ Yes		
Foreign banks	□ No □ Yes	□ No □ Yes	□ No □ Yes	

G. Employment

24. Main employment indicators

How many people are employed in the banking sector? 124 925 What share of the total (employed) labor force is employed in this sector? 1.37% What share of banking labor force is employed by state-owned banks? 0% What share of banking labor force is employed by foreign banks? 0.57%

If time series data on these employment indicators are available, please attach them separately.

H. Prices and Performance Indicators:

25. Please provide information on the following price indicators for the latest year available. For a comprehensive assessment of banking sector performance, it would be extremely useful to have historical data on these price measures. If time series data are available, please attach them separately (preferably electronically). Information not available. Investigating other sources

Category	Average monthly bank charges for a basic checking account	Average monthly ex – post spread ⁵ as a % of	Non-performing Loans as a % of total bank assets	Ratio of employees to number of checking and loan transactions
		bank assets		
Nationally			3.5 %	
Owned banks				
Foreign owned:				
Branches				
Subsidiaries				

I. Quality and Access to Banking Services

26. Which of the following services have been introduced by foreign banks in the last 10 years?
✓ Credit cards □ Debit cards ✓ Online banking □ ATM network □ other (specify)

⁵ The Ex-Post Spread of a bank is defined as the accounting value of the difference of the realized interest revenue and total interest cost of that bank and is also referred to as the Net Interest Margin.

27. Do foreign banks participate in rural lending? ✓ No □ Yes						
If yes, what is the share of foreign banks in total rural loans?						
28. Please indicate if the following banks make education loans to the poor:						
Domestic banks: □ No ✓ Yes Foreign banks: ✓ No □ Yes						
29. Do spreads between lending and deposit rates differ between large business						
firms and low-income households? \Box No \checkmark Yes						
If yes, please give sample spreads for a large business firm and a poor household below. Not available						
Spread for large business:% Spread for low-income household:%						
 30. Indicate the following: Number of banks per 1000 of the population: 1:1023 Average wait time for loan approval: Not known Average wait time for credit card approval: Not Known No. of bank failures during 1990-2000: 9						

Please, provide the name and contact information of the respondent of this questionnaire, or of a specialist from whom we can obtain clarifications if necessary. Name: Dr Hendrik Nel Telephone: + 27 (0)12 313 4293 Fax: + 27 (0) 12 313 3758 Email: Hendrik.Nel@resbank.co.za

ⁱ It is envisaged that all deposit-taking institutions will be required to join. However, if a branch of a

foreign bank taking deposits can prove that its parent belongs to a similar scheme at home, it will

not be required to join.

ⁱⁱ The protocol will need to be ratified by all 14 SADC countries.

<u>Appendix Two :</u> World Bank Template to Assess Policy and Performance in the Financial Services: Response from the Insurance Industry

Note: All information given for the latest year available (1999). Currency: South African Rand.

A. Market Access

Commercial presence

1. Are there policy restrictions on new entry of insurance providers in the following segments?						
	Entry by any insurance providers	If yes, total number of firms allowed	Entry by foreign insurance providers	If yes, total number of foreign firms allowed		
Direct life insurance	✓ No □Yes		\checkmark No \Box Yes			
Direct non-life	✓ No □ Yes		✓ No □ Yes			
insurance						
Re-insurance	✓ No □ Yes		✓ No □Yes			
 ☐ To give incumbe ☐ To increase gove ☐ Exclusive rights ☐ Excessive entry ☐ Perception of no ☐ Other: 3. Which of the follow companies? ✓ Subsidiaries Forthcomin 	✓ Subsidiaries only \Box Branches \Box Representative Office \Box All					
4. Which of the following	ing services are insu	rance companies p	ermitted to provid	le domestically?		
	Domestic	insurance compan	ies Foreign inst	urance companies		
Re-insurance		Yes		*		
Life insurance	□ No ✓		□ No ✓ Y			
Property insurance	🗆 No 🗸	Yes	□ No ✓	Yes		
Cargo insurance	🗆 No 🗸	Yes	□ No ✓	Yes		
Medical insurance*	🗆 No 🗸	Yes	□ No ✓	Yes		
Automobile insurance	🗆 No 🗸	Yes	□ No ✓	Yes		
Export credit insurance		Yes	□ No ✓			
Pension insurance	🗆 No 🗸		□ No ✓			
Investment services	🗆 No 🗸	Yes	□ No ✓			
Other (specify)	🗆 No 🗸	Yes	□ No ✓	Yes		

* Under the Medical Schemes Act, medical insurers must be registered separately						
5. Do the assets of foreign insurance companies established in the domestic country have to be						
held locally? \Box No \checkmark Yes						
If applicable, please indicate the share of assets required to be held locally: _85%						
6. Underwriting associations						
a) Do domestic underwriting associations ¹ exist? \Box No \checkmark Yes (Nuclear pools)						
 b) If yes to a), are foreign insurance companies established in the domestic country given memberships in domestic underwriting associations? □ No ✓ Yes 						

Cross-border insurance trade

7. Can domestic residents pure insurance company?	chase the	following kinds of insurance cross-border	from a foreign			
Life insurance Medical insurance Property insurance Cargo insurance But not through an intermediar insurance policies by foreign co		□ Only through resident intermediary have to be a direct purchase. No canvas	 ✓ Yes ✓ Yes ✓ Yes ✓ Yes ✓ Yes sing of 			
8. Are cross-border foreign insurance suppliers allowed to solicit business through advertising in the domestic country? \checkmark No \Box Yes						
nationally owned re-insurers be	efore re-ir	country required to offer re-insurance business abroad? \Box No \checkmark Yes roots is offered, if locally approved re-insu				

B. Ownership

10. Is private own	Existing providers	provisio	n of insurance serv Maximum private equity permitted (%)	ices allowed?	Maximum private equity permitted (%)
Life insurance	🗆 No	✓ Yes	25	□ No ✓ Ye	es 25
Property insurance	D No	✓ Yes	25	□ No ✓ Ye	es 25
Health/medical Insurance	D No	✓ Yes	25	□ No ✓ Ye	es 25
Re-insurance	□ No	✓ Yes	25	□ No ✓ Ye	es 25

¹ Some countries have underwriting associations whereby a large proportion of insurance contracts in one or more classes of insurance is placed with members of these associations.

11. Is foreign own	ership in the provision	on of services allowe	ed?	
	Existing operators	Maximum foreign equity permitted (%)	New entrants	Maximum foreign equity permitted (%)
Life insurance	□ No ✓ Yes	No restrictions,	□ No ✓ Yes	No restrictions,
Property insurance	□ No ✓ Yes	individual ownership 25%	□ No ✓ Yes	individual ownership 25%
Health/medical insurance	□ No ✓ Yes	_	□ No ✓ Yes	-
Re-insurance	□ No ✓ Yes	_	□ No ✓ Yes	-

C. Market Structure

12. Please list the characteristics of the 6 largest insurance companies in the market for life insurance:

Name	Year of establishment	Domestically owned equity (%)	Foreign equity (%)	Share in total life insurance premiums (%)
Old Mutual	> 1943 (Date	owned equity (70)	Majority	26%
	of First			
	Insurance Act)			
Sanlam	Not provided	Majority		16%
Liberty			Majority	9%
Forbes Life		Majority		8%
First Rand		Majority		8%
Fedsure		Majority		7%

13. Please list the characteristics of the 6 largest insurance companies in the market for non-life insurance:

	Year of	Domestically	Foreign equity	Share in total non-life
Name	establishment	owned equity (%)	(%)	insurance premiums
				(%)
Santam		Majority		25%
Mutual and		Majority		18%
Federal				
SA Eagle			100%	6.4%
Hollard		Majority		4.6%
Lloyds		Majority		4.4%

14. Please list the characteristics of the insurance distribution/intermediary network. Not applicable

Distributor	Whether present?	Number of distributors
Tied Agents ²	\Box No \Box Yes	
Independent Agents	\Box No \Box Yes	
Brokers	\Box No \Box Yes	
Banks	\Box No \Box Yes	

15. Please provide the following information on the actual number of insurance companies:

Number of fully state-owned insurance companies: $_3__$ Number of privatized insurance companies: $_154__$ Number of fully domestically owned³ private insurance companies: $_123__$ Number of foreign minority-owned⁴ insurance companies: $_N/A__$ Number of foreign majority-owned⁵ insurance companies: $_31__$

D. Regulation

16. Characteristics of regulator	
Name of insurance regulator	Financial Services Board
Year of establishment	1991
% of Regulator's finances from:	
License and other fees	10%
Budgetary allocation	0%
Other (specify)	Levies from industry 90%
Is the insurance regulator independent of the	
concerned ministry?	□ No ✓ Yes CEO appointed by Minister
Number of professional regulatory and	160
supervisory staff	

17. How are insurance licenses allocated?

a) If the number of providers is not restricted by policy, specify the main conditions new entrants must fulfill:

✓ Payment of license fee (indicate amount in local currency: ___R17500_____)

- \checkmark Presentation of a detailed business plan
- ✓ Other: _Prudential and solvency requirements____
- b) If the number of providers is limited by policy, through what mechanism are licenses allocated? $N\!/\!A$

□ First come, first served basis

² Agents that sell insurance exclusively for one company. It is claimed that the predominance of tied agents and lack of independent agents and brokers in Japan and some European countries constitute a major structural barrier to entry.

³ Insurance companies that are not state owned where the paid-up share capital is entirely held by domestic residents.

⁴ Insurance companies where foreigners hold under 50% of the paid-up share capital of the company.

⁵ Insurance companies where 50% or more of the paid-up share capital of the company is held by foreigners.

 Competitive bidding Discretionary decision by the licensing authority 						
□ Other:						
 c) Are foreign companies subject to different licensing requirements from domestic insurance companies? ✓ No □ Yes 						
If yes, please companies:	specify what additional	l requirements have to be met l	by foreign insurance			
·	icenses required to esta	ablish (subsidiaries) branches i	in each state/province?			
✓ No □ Yes No branches allowed						
18. Administered allo	ocation of resources					
10. Auministered and	cation of resources					
	Government controls on	Re-insurance that must be ceded to the state-owned re-insurers (as a % of	Value of government insurance contracted			
Category	insurance prices?	gross premiums) ⁶	(\$)			
State owned insurance companies ✓ No ☐ Yes N/A N/A						
Private nationally owned insurance companies	✓ No □Yes					
Foreign insurance companies	✓ No □ Yes					

⁶ Some countries mandate that companies must compulsorily re-insure either all or part of their portfolio with a state run insurance company. The requirement can also be imposed the other way, namely by requiring that only a certain percentage of gross premiums can be re-insured with private or foreign re-insurers

19. Please list the following indicators of prudential regulation based on the latest information available.

Category	Minimum capital requirement	Capital adequacy requirement ⁷	Liquidity reserve requirements	Covered by insolvency guarantee Scheme ⁸ ?
State-owned	Short term	ST= 15 % of premiums	Asset spread	
insurance	insurers =	LT = Formula	regulations	✓ No □ Yes
companies	R5m		i.t.o the Acts	
Private nationally	Long Term			
owned insurance	insurers =			
companies	R10m			
Foreign owned				
Branches	Not permitted			
Subsidiaries	Short term	ST= 15 % of premiums		
	insurers =	LT = Formula		✓ No □ Yes
	R5m			
	Long Term			
	insurers =			
	R10m			

⁷ Capital Adequacy ratios for an insurance company are usually measured by the ratio of capital to risk-weighted assets. Sometimes, it is also posed as a solvency margin requirement. Solvency margins may be specified in absolute amounts or as a percentage of premiums.
⁸ The insurance sector's equivalent of bank deposit insurance.
⁹ Please indicate whether financial statements have to be published annually or quarterly.

E. Regional Integration Agreements in Insurance Services

20. Please indicate if there are any preferential arrangements affecting insurance services, and list the preferential¹⁰ measures.

Name of agreement	Partner country(s) in agreement	Date of entry into force	Preferential measures
Committee for Insurance, Securities and Non-Banking financial Authorities	SADC	Not yet	Strategic Plan for region

F. Past and Future Changes in Policy

21. Please indicate major changes in market access policies, ownership rules, and regulation since 1985 (e.g., privatization of state-owned insurance companies, introduction of competition, entry of foreign insurance, creation of an independent regulatory agency, changes in prudential regulation).

Area of policy change (market access, ownership or regulation)	Year of change	Description of change
Insurance Amendment Bill	2000	Consumer protection
Short Term and Long Term	1998	New prudential and solvency requirements and
Insurance Acts		guidelines on market conduct
Establishment of FSB	1991	Independent regulator

22. Please indicate announced or anticipated changes in the same, or other areas.

Area of policy change (market	Year of	Description of change
access, ownership or	change	
regulation)		
Financial Advisories &	2001	Supervision and regulation of intermediaries
Intermediaries Act		
	2002	Allowing of branch business – greater access for
Access to domestic market		foreigners
Conglomerate supervision	2002	Regulations in line with international best
		practice

¹⁰ Please, specify how the treatment of insurance providers of member countries of the agreement differs from the treatment of insurance providers of non-member countries.

G. Employment

23. Main employment indicators

How many people are employed in the insurance sector? <u>__64 000____</u> What share of the total (employed) labor force is employed in this sector? <u>__0.7___</u> What share of insurance workers is employed by state-owned insurance providers? negligible What share of insurance workers is employed by foreign insurance providers? <u>__N/A_</u>

If time series data on these employment indicators are available, please attach them separately.

H. Prices and Performance Indicators

24. Please list the following price and performance indicators for the latest year available. For a comprehensive assessment of insurance sector performance, it would be extremely useful to have historical data on these measures. If time series data are available, please attach them separately (preferably electronically).

The regulator saw this as a badly constructed question. There are concerns with the term 'average'. The Loss ratio for the Short term insurance industry was the only information that was forthcoming: 75 per cent (This is an aggregate figure for all insurance companies)

	Average monthly Premium on a 10 year life insurance	Average monthly health insurance premium	Loss ratio ¹¹	Retention ratio ¹²
Category	policy	*		
State owned insurance				
providers				
National Private				
Owned insurance				
providers				
Foreign Owned				
insurance providers				

I. Quality and Access to Insurance Services

25. Which of the following new services have been introduced by foreign insurance companies in the last 10 years?

 \Box Private health insurance \checkmark Automobile insurance \Box Private pension insurance There are no foreigners providing either health or pension insurance

26. Please indicate the following:

a)Share of adult population or households covered by life insurance contracts: Not available

- b) Share of household savings channeled through life insurance: _____3.3% (1995)
- c) Total Premiums as a percentage of GDP: <u>2.2%</u>
- b) If available, indicate average time (in days) for claims processing in the following segments:

¹¹ The Loss Ratio of an insurance company is defined as the ratio of losses incurred to premiums earned.

¹² Defined as the ratio of net premiums to gross premiums.

Life insurance: _____ Property insurance: _____ Automobile insurance: _____ Health insurance: _____ There is no information available here. There are no legal stipulations, although in order to ensure better consumer protection, future regulation is possible. c) Do foreign insurance companies participate in insuring poor and rural households? ✓ No □ Yes If yes, what is the percentage of foreign insurance companies in the value of total rural insurance contracts? _____

Please, provide the name and contact information of the respondent of this questionnaire, or of a specialist from whom we can obtain clarifications if necessary.

Name____Mr Deon Van Staden, REGISTRATION & POLICY, FSB Telephone____+ 27(0)12 428 8143 Fax_____+ 27(0)12 347 1290 E-mail address: karenf@fsb.co.za_(Secretary: Karen Forbes)

<u>Appendix Three:</u> World Bank Template to Assess Policy and Performance in the Financial Services: Response from the Securities Industry

Note: All information given for the latest year available (1999). Currency: South African Rand.

A. Market Access

Commercial presence

1. Are there policy restr	1. Are there policy restrictions on new entry of securities services providers in the following					
segments?						-
Investment banking Stock brokerage	✓ No □	Yes Yes	If yes, total number of providers allowed	Entry b foreign provide ✓ No ✓ No	rs Ves Yes	If yes, number of foreign providers allowed
Mutual funds	✓ No □	Yes		✓ No	\Box Yes	
 2. If entry is restricted, what are the reasons provided by the government? Not applic able To give incumbents time to prepare for competition To increase government revenue from privatization or license fees Excessive entry is believed to threaten financial stability Perception of no economic need for new securities firms Other:						
✓ Subsidiaries \Box Branches \Box Representative Office \Box All						
4. Which of the following services are securities firms permitted to provide?						
Undomuniting nous issues			securities firms		No \Box	rities firms
Underwriting new issues Securities dealing			/ Yes		No \Box	
•					No \Box	
Stock brokerage services			/ Yes / Yes			
Risk management						
Mergers and acquisition advisory services		NO 🗸	/ Yes		No 🗆 Y	res
Mutual funds (or unit tru	sts)* ✓	No E	∃ Yes		No 🗆 🛛	Yes
Information services ¹		No √	Yes		No 🗆 🗅	Yes

¹ Financial information services include the provision of trading information and credit rating services.

Mutual funds are separately registered by the FSB					
5. Are foreign commercial or universal banks a	llowed to	deal in domestic securities?			
Foreign commercial banks Foreign universal banks ² \Box No \checkmark Yes (in both cases through the \Box No \checkmark Yes subsidiary)					
6. Are foreign owned securities firms obliged t					
intermediary (broker-dealer) in the following se	0	Only if they don't have a subsidiary			
registered in South Africa, for example, Goldma	in Sachs				
Inter-bank market	□ No	□ Yes			
Foreign exchange market \Box No \Box Yes					
Stock market	🗆 No	\Box Yes			
Derivatives market	□ No	□ Yes			

Cross-border securities services trade

8. Are the following activities permitted?	
Purchase by domestic residents of securities issue Domestic companies raising capital abroad If yes, please specify the restrictions.	ued abroad \Box No \checkmark Yes \Box No \checkmark Yes
Subject to existing exchange controls	
9. Are foreign securities firms permitted to provide t domestic companies and residents:	he following services cross-border to
uomestic companies and residents.	
Securities dealing in the domestic market	□ No ✓ Yes
Mergers and acquisitions advisory services	🗆 No 🖌 Yes
Investment advisory services	\checkmark No \Box Yes (Requires approval from
FSB)	
Credit rating services	🗆 No 🖌 Yes
10. Are cross-border foreign securities dealers permi	tted to use domestic settlement and clearance
utilities without using the services of a domestic finan	cial intermediary? □ No ✓ Yes
The new STRATE system will facilitate transaction	•

B. Ownership

11. Is private ownershi	p in the provision c	of the following secu	urities services allo	wed?
	Existing	Maximum private equity		Maximum private equity
	operators	permitted (%)	New entrants	permitted (%)
Investment banking*	\Box No \Box Yes	None	\Box No \Box Yes	None

 $^{^2}$ Universal banks are banks which provide insurance and securities services in addition to traditional deposit taking and lending.

Stock brokerage	□ No ✓	Yes	\Box No \Box Yes	
Mutual funds)*	\square No \square	Yes	\Box No \Box Yes	-
*Separately administer	ed by FSB		•	
12. Is foreign ownersh	ip in the provis	sion of services allowed	?	
		Maximum		Maximum
	Existing	foreign equity		foreign equity
		1 (0()	NT ((1, 1)
	operators	permitted (%)	New entrants	permitted (%)
Investment banking*		Yes None	New entrants	None
Investment banking* Stock brokerage		Yes None		1
0	$ \square \text{ No } \square \text{ Y} $	Yes None	\Box No \Box Yes	1

C. Market Structure

13. Please list the characteristics of the 6 largest mutual funds or investment trust funds (in terms value) in the market.³

Name of fund	Year of establishment	Domestically owned equity (%)	Foreign equity (%)	Value of fund as a % of total stock market capitalization
GENBEL	Not available from	om Regulator		43.3%
WIPHOLD				25.4%
CFC				19.8%
VELOCITY				8.5%
LONFIN				6.4%
YABENG				4.8%

14. Please list the characteristics of the 6 largest securities firms in the market for new equity issues.

Name	Year of establishme nt	Domestically owned equity (%)	Foreign equity (%)	Share in annual value of new issues underwritten
BJM Securities				No league tables are
Investec Securities				published
Meryll Lynch (SA)				
JP Morgan				
HSBC Simpson				
McKie				
UBS Warburg				
Securities				

15. Please list the characteristics of the 6 largest securities firms in the derivatives market: Awaiting info from SAFEX, the warrants exchange

³ Investment trust funds are usually closed ended (have a limited size or number of units) and although they invest in a diversified portfolio of equities and other assets as mutual funds do, they are more like a regular company with a set number of shares in issue and their shares are usually listed on the stock exchange.

Name	Year of establishment	Domestically owned equity (%)	Foreign equity (%)	Share in annual value of derivatives traded

16. Please provide the following information on the actual number of operators:

Number of government-owned mutual funds: ____Awaiting info____ Number of domestically owned⁴ private mutual funds: ____Awaiting info _____ Number of foreign owned mutual funds: __Awaiting info _____ Number of fully domestically owned⁵ private investment banks: ____Awaiting info _____ Number of foreign minority-owned⁶ investment banks: ____Awaiting info _____ Number of foreign majority-owned⁷ investment banks: ____Awaiting info _____

D. Regulation

17. Characteristics of regulator				
Name of securities regulator	Financial Services Board			
Year of establishment	1991			
% of Regulator's finances from:				
License and other fees	10%			
Budgetary allocation	0%			
Other (specify)	90% Levies from industry			
Is the regulator independent of the	□ No ✓ Yes			
ministry of finance?				
Number of professional regulatory and	160			
supervisory staff				
18. How are licenses to securities firms a	llocated?			
 a) If number of providers is not restricted by policy, specify the main conditions new entrants must fulfill. ✓ Payment of license fee (indicate amount in local currency:) ✓ Presentation of a detailed business plan-risk management plan ✓ Other: Membership requirements, solvency and prudential requirements 				
• Guer. Wentership requireme	nis, solvency and procential requirements			

b) If the number of providers is limited by policy, through what mechanism are licenses allocated? Not applicable

⁴ Investment Banks where the paid-up share capital is entirely held by domestic residents.

⁵ Investment Banks that are not state owned where the paid-up share capital is entirely held by domestic residents.

⁶ Investment Banks where foreigners hold under 50% of the paid-up share capital of the bank.

⁷ Investment Banks where 50% or more of the paid-up share capital of the bank is held by foreigners.

		•	
c)		eign securities es firms?	s firms subject to different licensing requirements from domestic
	✓ No	□ Yes	If yes, please specify what additional requirements have to be met by foreign securities firms:

19. Please list the following indicators of prudential regulation based on the latest information available. Mutual funds and Investment Bank info not available from the JSE. Awaiting info from FSB.

	Minimum capital requirement	Capital adequacy ratio ⁸ (%)	Required frequency of publication of financial statements ⁹
Category			
Government owned			
mutual funds			
Domestic privately			
owned mutual			
funds			
Foreign owned			
mutual funds			
Investment banks			
Domestic			
Domestic			
Foreign			
rörörgit			
Foreign			

20. Are the following mutual funds required to invest in shares of publicly held companies?

Government owned mutual funds	\Box No \Box Yes	If yes, % of fund equity required to be invested in public company shares?
Domestic privately owned mutual funds	\Box No \Box Yes	If yes, % of fund equity required to be invested in public company shares?
Foreign owned mutual funds	\Box No \Box Yes	If yes, % of fund equity required to be invested in public company shares?

 ⁸ Capital Adequacy ratios are usually measured by the ratio of capital to risk-weighted assets.
 ⁹ Please indicate whether financial statements have to be published annually or quarterly.

E. Regional Integration Agreements in Financial Services

21. Please indicate if there are any preferential arrangements affecting securities services, and list the preferential¹⁰ measures. None

Name of agreement	Partner country(s) in agreement	Date of entry into force	Preferential measures

F. Past and Future Changes in Policy

22. Please indicate major changes in market access policies, ownership rules, and regulation since 1985 (e.g., introduction of competition, entry of foreign mutual funds and investment banks, creation of an independent regulatory agency, changes in prudential regulation).

Area of policy change (market access, ownership or regulation)	Year of policy change	Description of policy change
Change of rules governing brokerages,	1995	Making market more accessible

23. Please indicate announced or anticipated changes in the same, or other areas.

Area of policy change (market access, ownership or regulation) STRATE guaranteed contractual settlement	Year of policy change End 2001	Description of policy change Electronic trading, clearing and settlement
Demutualisation	Within five years	Allows exchange to be run as company. Cuts umbilical cord between members and exchange

G. Employment

24. Main employment indicators

How many people are employed in the securities sector? _____No idea_____ What share of the total labor force is employed in this sector? ______ What share of securities workers is employed by foreign securities firms? ______

If time series data on these employment indicators are available, please attach them separately.

¹⁰ Please, specify how the treatment of securities firms of member countries of the agreement differs from the treatment of securities firms of non-member countries.

H. Prices and Performance Indicators

25. Please list the following price and performance indicators for the latest year available. For a comprehensive assessment of securities services performance, it would be extremely useful to have historical data on these measures. If time series data are available, please attach them separately (preferably electronically).

	Average	Average	Securities	Average initial	Subject to
	brokerage	underwriting	Dealing	charge ¹¹ on a	price fixing
	Commissions	Commissions	fees	mutual fund	by regulator?
Category	(%)	(%)			
Domestic	Individuals	1.7-2.5%,	Inclusive	1-5 % average	✓ No □Yes
operators	0.7 % of deal	dependent on	of	3%	
Foreign	Wholesale	risk	brokerage		
operators	0.25% of		fee		
-	deal				

I. Quality and Access to Securities Services

26. Which of the following services have been introduced in the last 10 years? \Box Over the counter (OTC) markets ✓ Computerized stock exchange trading ✓ Online Investing (Through a member) \checkmark Electronic settlement and clearance systems \checkmark Derivatives trading ✓ Other:_Formal Bond market, Exchange traded funds, Stock exchanges News Services 27. Indicate the following: Number of stock exchanges in the country: _1 (Although also SAFEX and BESX) Total stock market capitalization: _R1 704.4 billion Number of listed companies in the stock exchange: 615 Number of foreign listed companies in the stock exchange: 24 Share of foreign listed companies in total stock market capitalization: <u>__38_</u>% Number of domestic companies whose assets are rated: Not available Growth in the value of stocks traded in OTC markets: Not applicable Number of penalized insider-trading cases in the last 5 years: __9___

Please, provide the name and contact information of the respondent of this questionnaire, or of a specialist from whom we can obtain clarifications if necessary.

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